

of the Commission on August 28, 1936, be effective as of August 28, 1936; and

It is further ordered, that the Suspension Order, Order for Hearing, and Order Designating a Trial Examiner, heretofore entered in this proceeding, be and the same hereby are revoked and the said proceeding terminated.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DuBOIS, Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 2093—Filed, September 3, 1936; 12:44 p. m.]

Saturday, September 5, 1936 No. 126

PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

FIRE PREVENTION WEEK—1936

By the President of the United States of America

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS the annual fire loss in the United States includes thousands of human lives taken and hundreds of millions of dollars of property values destroyed; and

WHEREAS this loss has been materially reduced by the preventive measures adopted during recent years; and

WHEREAS further improvement can be brought about by our common effort to eliminate fire hazards and to prevent destructive fires in the home, school, factory, and forest, and on the farm:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim and designate the week beginning October 4, 1936, as Fire Prevention Week, and I invite the cooperation of all of our people in the further elimination of existing fire hazards to the end that the loss of life, the destruction of property, and the suffering caused thereby may be still further reduced.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 2 day of September in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and [SEAL] thirty-six, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and sixty-first.

FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

By the President:  
CORDELL HULL  
Secretary of State.

[No. 2195]

[F. R. Doc. 2098—Filed, September 3, 1936; 3:57 p. m.]

EXECUTIVE ORDER

WITHDRAWAL OF PUBLIC LANDS FOR USE OF WAR DEPARTMENT AS ENLARGEMENT OF A TARGET RANGE

New Mexico

By virtue of and pursuant to the authority vested in me by the act of June 25, 1910, ch. 421, 36 Stat. 847, as amended by the act of August 24, 1912, ch. 369, 37 Stat. 497, and subject to the conditions therein expressed and to valid existing rights, it is ordered that the following-described lands be, and they are hereby, temporarily withdrawn from settlement, location, sale, or entry and reserved for use of the War Department as an enlargement of a target range used by the New Mexico National Guard.

T. 23 S., R. 10 W., N. M. P. M., sec. 3, NW¼, N½SW¼, SE¼SW¼;  
sec. 5, E½;  
sec. 8, NE¼;  
sec. 9, NE¼, N½SE¼;  
sec. 10, E½NW¼, SW¼NW¼,  
E½SW¼.

Executive Orders No. 6143 dated May 23, 1933, No. 6276 dated September 8, 1933, and No. 6910 dated November 26, 1934, as amended by Executive Order No. 7274, dated

January 14, 1936, are hereby modified to the extent necessary to make this order effective.

This order shall continue in full force and effect unless and until revoked by the President or by act of Congress.

FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
August 31, 1936.

[No. 7442]

[F. R. Doc. 2096—Filed, September 3, 1936; 1:52 p. m.]

EXECUTIVE ORDER

MODIFYING PROCLAMATION NO. 2190 OF JULY 17, 1936, ESTABLISHING THE TALLADEGA NATIONAL FOREST

Alabama

By virtue of and pursuant to the authority vested in me by the act of June 4, 1897, 30 Stat. 34, 36 (U. S. C., title 16, sec. 473), it is ordered that the description of the land contained in Proclamation No. 2190 of July 17, 1936, establishing the Talladega National Forest, Alabama, be, and it is hereby, modified so that the land described therein as being in T. 20 S., R. 4 E., section 35, Huntsville Meridian, shall be described as being in T. 20 S., R. 4 E., section 25, Huntsville Meridian.

FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

THE WHITE HOUSE  
August 31, 1936.

[No. 7443]

[F. R. Doc. 2097—Filed, September 3, 1936; 1:52 p. m.]

APPLICATION OF DUTIES PROCLAIMED IN CERTAIN TRADE AGREEMENTS

THE WHITE HOUSE,  
Washington, September 1, 1936.

The Honorable HENRY MORGENTHAU, Jr.,  
Secretary of the Treasury.

MY DEAR MR. SECRETARY: The Act to amend the Tariff Act of 1930; approved June 12, 1934, provides in part that the duties proclaimed under its authority shall be applied to articles the growth, produce, or manufacture of all foreign countries, whether imported directly or indirectly. The Act further provides that the President may suspend the application of the proclaimed duties to articles the growth, produce, or manufacture of any country because of its discriminatory treatment of American commerce or because of other acts or policies which in his opinion tend to defeat the purposes set forth in the Act. Pursuant to these provisions of the Act, I hereby direct that the duties proclaimed on this date in connection with the trade agreement signed on March 11, 1936, with Nicaragua, and all other duties heretofore proclaimed in connection with trade agreements signed under the authority of the Act (with the exception of the duties proclaimed in connection with the trade agreement signed on August 24, 1934, with Cuba) shall be applied from the effective date of such duties or, as the case may be, shall continue to be applied on and from the date of this letter, only to articles the growth, produce, or manufacture of the countries hereinafter designated and to such articles, in the case of each country, respectively, for the period indicated in the numbered section below in which such country is designated.

1. In respect of the products of each country designated in this section, the proclaimed duties shall be applied from the effective date of such duties or, as the case may be, shall continue to be applied on and from the date of this letter until thirty days from the date on which you are notified

by me that the United States has ceased, or on a day certain will cease, to be bound by provisions of a treaty or agreement providing for most-favored-nation treatment in respect of customs duties.

Denmark  
Italy

Portugal and its colonies  
and possessions

2. In respect of the products of each country designated in this section, the proclaimed duties shall be applied so long as such duties remain in effect and this direction is not modified in respect of such country.

Afghanistan  
Albania  
Andorra  
Anglo-Egyptian Sudan  
Arabian Shaikdoms not included under any other designation in this list  
Argentina  
Australian mandated territories  
Austria  
Belgium and its colony and mandated territories.  
Bhutan  
Bolivia  
Brazil  
Bulgaria  
Canada  
Chile  
China  
Colombia  
Costa Rica  
Cuba (subject to the provisions of the trade agreement concluded with Cuba on August 24, 1934)  
Czechoslovakia  
Danzig, Free City of  
Dominican Republic  
Ecuador  
Egypt  
El Salvador  
Estonia  
Ethiopia (Abyssinia)  
Finland  
France (including Algeria) and its colonies, dependencies, protectorates, and mandated territories  
Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and British colonies, dependencies, protectorates, and mandated territories  
Greece  
Greenland  
Guatemala  
Haiti  
Honduras

Hungary  
Iceland  
India  
Iran (Persia)  
Iraq  
Irish Free State  
Italian colonies and possessions  
Japanese Empire and mandated territories and Kwantung Leased Territory  
Latvia  
Liberia  
Lithuania  
Luxemburg  
Mexico  
Monaco  
Morocco  
Napal  
Netherlands and its colonies  
Newfoundland  
New Hebrides  
New Zealand and mandated territories  
Nicaragua  
Norway  
Oman (Muscat)  
Panama  
Paragua  
Peru  
Poland  
Rumania  
San Marino  
Saudi Arabia  
Siam  
Spain and its colonies and possessions  
Sweden  
Switzerland and Liechtenstein  
Turkey  
Union of South Africa and mandated territory  
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics  
Uruguay  
Vatican, City of the  
Venezuela  
Yemen  
Yugoslavia

Because I find as a fact that their treatment of American commerce is discriminatory, I direct that the proclaimed duties shall not be applied to products of the following countries:

Australia, Commonwealth of

Germany

My letters addressed to you on May 16, 1936, and on June 26, 1936,<sup>1</sup> with reference to duties proclaimed in con-

nection with trade agreements signed under authority of the Act of June 12, 1934, are hereby superseded.

You will please cause this direction to be published in an early issue of the weekly *Treasury Decisions*.

Very sincerely yours,

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT

[F. R. Dec. 2039—Filed, September 3, 1936; 4:10 p. m.]

## TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Bureau of Customs.

[T. D. 48508]

### CUSTOMS REGULATIONS AMENDED—TEMPORARY FREE IMPORTATION UNDER BOND

[Articles 428 (a), 428 (d), 423 (e), 432 (b), 432 (c), 432 (d), 434, 436 (a), 436 (e), 437 (b), 446 (d), 1240 (a) (13), 1240 (a) (14), 1251 (b), and 1252 (a), Customs Regulations of 1931, relating to temporary free entry under bond, penalties on bonds, and cancellation of export bonds, amended]

#### To Collectors of Customs and Others Concerned:

Pursuant to the authority contained in Section 251, Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 19, sec. 66), paragraphs 1607, 1747, 1808, and 1809 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (U. S. C., title 19, sec. 1201), and Sections 308 (U. S. C., title 19, sec. 1308), 623 (U. S. C., title 19, sec. 1623), and 624 (U. S. C., title 19, sec. 1624) of the Tariff Act of 1930, the Customs Regulations of 1931 are hereby amended as follows:

Article 428 (a) is amended to read as follows:

(a) Entry of articles under the above provisions of law shall be made on customs Form 7501 (at New York on customs Form 7517-B). The entry shall designate the provision of law under which entry is made, shall describe the use to which the articles are to be put in sufficient detail to enable the collector to determine whether they are entitled to entry under the provision of law designated, and shall contain a declaration that the articles are not to be put to any other use and that they are not imported for sale or sale on approval.

Article 428 (d), as amended by Treasury Decision 45815, is further amended to read as follows:

(d) A bond shall be given in an amount equal to one and one-quarter times the estimated duties which would have been required to be deposited had the articles been entered for consumption. When the articles are entered under paragraph 1607 or section 308, the bond shall be on customs Form 7563; when under paragraph 1747 or paragraph 1803, on customs Form 7565. A cash deposit in the same amount may be accepted in lieu of bond. Collectors will place such cash deposits in their special deposit accounts.

Article 428 (e) (published in Treasury Decision 46623), as amended by Treasury Decision 47042, is further amended to read as follows:

(e) After the completion of the entry and the filing of the bond or deposit of cash in lieu thereof, the articles may be released to the importer. Upon compliance with the conditions of the bond the entry shall be liquidated free of duty. When any of the articles covered by the entry have not been disposed of in accordance with the conditions of the bond prior to the expiration of the bonded period (including any lawful extension), the following procedure shall govern: If the articles were entered under paragraph 1747 or paragraph 1803, the entry shall be liquidated dutiable as to the articles which have not been disposed of in accordance with the conditions of the bond and the duties which would have accrued on such articles had they been entered for consumption shall be collected. If the articles were entered under paragraph 1607 or section 308, the entry shall be liquidated free of duty; but as to the articles not disposed of in accordance with the conditions of the bond, the duty which would have accrued had they been entered for consumption shall be ascertained and noted on the entry.

The caption of Article 432 is deleted and there is inserted in lieu thereof a caption reading as follows:

Models of women's wearing apparel.

Article 432 (b), as amended by Treasury Decisions 47319 and 47730, is redesignated Article 432 (c) and further amended to read as follows:

(c) Invoices covering models of women's wearing apparel entered under Section 303 (2) or Section 303 (3) shall state the

<sup>1</sup>1 F. R. 447, 684.

kind and color of the principal material from which made, and shall contain a description of the lining and the trimming, stating whether composed of fur, lace, embroidery, or otherwise. Invoices shall also contain a statement as to how the trimming is applied, i. e., whether on the cuffs, collar, sleeves, or elsewhere, and the total value of each completed garment or article.

Article 432 (c) is redesignated Article 432 (b) and amended by deleting the words "of women's wearing apparel" in lines three and four.

Article 432 (d) is amended by adding after the word "apparel" in line one the words "entered under Section 308 (2) or Section 308 (3)."

Article 434 is amended by deleting the third sentence thereof and substituting therefor the following:

The application shall be filed with the collector of customs for submission to the Bureau of Customs with his recommendations. The report of the collector shall in all cases show the date of importation of the merchandise, the date of entry, the entry number, and the provision of law under which entered. The application shall set forth the reason for requesting the extension, shall state whether the articles have been offered for sale or sale on approval, and shall set out what use has been made of the articles since their importation and what use is to be made of them during the period of extension.

Article 436 (a) is amended to read as follows:

(a) Bonds taken pursuant to these provisions of law may be canceled in the manner prescribed in Article 1252. In the case of articles entered under section 308 (4) which are destroyed because of their use for experimental purposes, the bonds may not be canceled unless there is submitted to the collector an affidavit of the importer that the articles were destroyed during the course of a specifically described experiment, and the collector is satisfied that the articles were so destroyed as articles of commerce within the bonded period (including any lawful extension). Bonds covering articles entered under other provisions of law may not be canceled upon proof of destruction, except as provided in Article 436 (c), unless the articles are destroyed under customs supervision in accordance with section 557 and article 810.

Article 436 (e), as amended by Treasury Decision 46628, is further amended to read as follows:

(e) If any of the articles have not been exported or destroyed in accordance with these regulations within the bonded period (including any lawful extension), the collector shall (a) collect the duties found due on such articles, if they were entered under paragraph 1747 or paragraph 1808; or (b), if the articles were entered under paragraph 1607 or section 308, make a demand in writing under the bond for the payment of liquidated damages equal to the entire penal sum of the bond. If a written application for relief from the payment of the full liquidated damages is filed with the collector within 30 days after the demand, he shall transmit the application, together with a full report of the facts in the case, to the Bureau of Customs for a decision as to the amount to be collected.

Article 437 (b), as amended by Treasury Decision 46628, is further amended to read as follows:

(b) When any of the articles entered under paragraph 1747 or paragraph 1808 are not exported or destroyed within the bonded period (including any lawful extension), and the liquidated duty on such articles is found to be less than the special deposit, the amount in excess of the liquidated duty shall be returned to the importer. If the liquidated duty exceeds the cash deposit, a demand shall be made upon the importer for the increased duties due. If any of the articles entered under paragraph 1607 or section 308 are not so exported or destroyed, the collector shall notify the importer in writing that the entire cash deposit will be transferred to the regular account as liquidated damages unless a written application for relief from the payment of the full liquidated damages is filed with the collector within 30 days after the notice. If such an application is timely filed, the collector shall transmit it to the Bureau of Customs, together with a full report of the facts in the case, for a decision as to the amount to be collected, and the transfer of the cash deposit to the regular account as liquidated damages shall be deferred pending the decision of the Commissioner of Customs on the application.

Article 446 (d) is amended by striking out the words "as liquidated damages under the bond" appearing at the end of the last sentence thereof, and substituting "and deposited as duties."

Article 1240 (a) (13) is amended by deleting the word "double" and substituting therefor the words "one and one-quarter times."

Article 1240 (a) (14) is amended by deleting the word "double" and substituting therefor the words "one and one-quarter times."

Article 1251 (b), as amended by Treasury Decision 45815, is further amended by placing between the words "equal to" and "the estimated duties" in the second clause of the first sentence thereof the words "one and one-quarter times."

The first sentence of Article 1252 (a), as amended by Treasury Decision 46628, is further amended to read as follows:

(a) Bonds required for the exportation of merchandise may be canceled upon the specification of such merchandise on the outward manifest, or outward bill of lading, the inspector's certificate of lading, the record of clearance of the vessel, and the production of a foreign landing certificate, if such certificate is required by the collector; or, if exportation or destruction is not timely, upon the payment of duties imposed by law, in the case of articles entered under paragraphs 1747 and 1808, or, in the case of articles entered under paragraph 1607 or section 308, upon the payment of liquidated damages equal to the entire penal sum of the bond, or the payment of such amount less than the full liquidated damages as may be fixed by the Commissioner of Customs.

The conditions of the bond for temporary importations covering articles entered under the provisions of paragraph 1607 and section 308 of the Tariff Act of 1930, customs Form 7563, are hereby amended to read as follows:

*Now, Therefore, the Condition of this Obligation is Such that—*  
If the said principal shall deliver to the collector of customs at the said port or other port of entry in accordance with the conditions prescribed in the Tariff Act of 1930, or other provisions of law and regulations pertaining to the entry and exportation of merchandise, all of the above-described articles for customs inspection and identification prior to exportation, and if all of said articles shall be actually exported or destroyed under customs supervision (unless destroyed because of their use for experimental purposes) within \_\_\_\_\_ from the date of importation, or within any lawful extension of such period, and if said articles shall not be relanded in the United States, and if proof thereof be furnished the said collector; and if all invoices, certificates, declarations, oaths, and other documents or proofs required by law and regulations in connection with this importation and entry thereof be furnished the said collector, in the form and within the time required by law and regulations, or any lawful extension thereof; or if, in default thereof the obligors shall pay to the collector such amounts as liquidated damages as may be demanded by him in accordance with the law and regulations, not exceeding the penal sum of this obligation;  
Then this obligation shall be void; otherwise it shall remain in full force and effect.

The conditions of the bond covering articles entered under the provisions of paragraphs 1747, 1808, and 1809 of the Tariff Act of 1930, customs Form 7565, are hereby amended to read as follows:

*Now, Therefore, the Condition of this Obligation is Such, that—*  
(1) If the said principal shall deliver to the collector of customs at the said port or other port of entry in accordance with the conditions prescribed in the Tariff Act of 1930, or other provisions of law and regulations pertaining to the entry and exportation of merchandise, all of the above-described articles entered under paragraphs 1747 or 1808 of the Tariff Act of 1930, for customs inspection and identification prior to exportation, and if all of the said articles shall be actually exported or destroyed under customs supervision within \_\_\_\_\_ from the date of importation, or within any lawful extension of such period, and if the said articles shall not be relanded in the United States, and if proof thereof be furnished the said collector; or in default thereof if the obligors shall pay to the collector the full amount of duties imposed by law upon any and all such articles as shall not be so exported or destroyed;

(2) Or, in the case of merchandise entered under paragraph 1809 of the Tariff Act of 1930, if the above-bounden principal shall not sell, expose for sale, transfer, or use any of the said articles contrary to law and the regulations issued thereunder; or in default thereof if the obligors shall pay to the said collector the full amount of duties imposed by law thereon;

(3) And if the above-bounden principal shall furnish the said collector all invoices, certificates, declarations, oaths, and other documents or proofs required by law and regulations in connection with this importation and entry thereof, in the form and within the time required by law and regulations, or any lawful extension thereof; or if in the event of failure to comply with any or all of the conditions of this section the obligors shall pay to the said collector such amounts as liquidated damages as may be demanded by him in accordance with the law and regulations, not exceeding the penal sum of this obligation;

Then this obligation shall be void; otherwise it shall remain in full force and effect.

These regulations shall be effective as to articles entered under the above provisions of law after thirty days from

the publication of these amendments in the weekly Treasury Decisions.

[SEAL]

FRANK DOW,

*Acting Commissioner of Customs.*

Approved, August 31, 1936.

WAYNE C. TAYLOR,

*Acting Secretary of the Treasury.*

[F. R. Doc. 2100—Filed, September 3, 1936; 4:10 p. m.]

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

### General Land Office.

#### RECREATIONAL WITHDRAWAL No. 22 REVOKED

Departmental order of June 13, 1929, withdrawing the following-described tract of land in Arizona for classification under the act of June 14, 1926 (44 Stat. 741), is hereby revoked:

T. 13 S., R. 12 E., G. and S. R. M., SE $\frac{1}{4}$  SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , and SW $\frac{1}{4}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$  Sec. 4, NW $\frac{1}{4}$  NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , and NE $\frac{1}{4}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$  Sec. 9, 160 acres.

OSCAR L. CHAPMAN,

*Assistant Secretary.*

AUGUST 26, 1936.

[F. R. Doc. 2101—Filed, September 4, 1936; 9:36 a. m.]

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

### Agricultural Adjustment Administration.

(G. Sirup Q. R. Series 1, No. 1).

Issued Sept. 3, 1936.

#### 1936 QUOTAS FOR SIRUPS AND SUGAR MIXTURES

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture by Public Resolution No. 109, 74th Congress, approved June 19, 1936, and by the Agricultural Adjustment Act, approved May 12, 1933 (hereinafter referred to as the "act"), as amended, I, W. R. Gregg, Acting Secretary of Agriculture, in order to regulate commerce with Cuba and other foreign countries, among the several States, with the Territories and possessions of the United States, and the Commonwealth of the Philippine Islands, with respect to sugar, having due regard for the welfare of domestic producers and to the protection of domestic consumers and to a just relation between the prices received by domestic producers and the prices paid by domestic consumers, do hereby make, prescribe, publish, and give public notice of these regulations, which shall have the force and effect of law and shall remain in force and effect until amended or superseded by regulations hereafter made by the Secretary of Agriculture.

### I

1. It is hereby determined, pursuant to the provisions of section 8a (1) (D) of the said act and the said Public Resolution No. 109, that the quantities of sirups and sugar mixtures which may be imported into the continental United States for consumption therein from foreign countries during the calendar year 1936 for use as such and not for the extraction of sugar shall be 8,784,715 wine gallons, allotted as follows:

Area:	In terms of wine gallons of 72% total sugar content
Cuba.....	7,937,453
Dominican Republic.....	830,894
Great Britain.....	16,368
Other foreign countries.....	0

### II

1. For the calendar year 1936, processors, persons engaged in the handling of sirups or sugar mixtures, and others, are

hereby forbidden, pursuant to the provisions of the said act and the said Public Resolution No. 109, from importing into the continental United States for consumption therein and/or from transporting to, or receiving in, the continental United States for consumption therein any sirups or sugar mixtures for use as such and not for the extraction of sugar from the areas listed in section I hereof in excess of the respective quotas established in the said section I for such areas.

### III

The term "sirups and sugar mixtures" for the purpose of this regulation means any sugars which are principally not of crystalline structure, imported into the continental United States for consumption therein, which contain soluble non-sugar solids (excluding any foreign substances that may have been added) of less than 6% of the total soluble solids, or which are to be or shall be used for the production of any class or type of sugar, sugar mixtures, or sirup which contains soluble non-sugar solids (excluding any foreign substances that may have been added) of less than 6% of the total soluble solids.

### IV

The provisions of this regulation shall not apply to sirups and sugar mixtures imported for use as livestock feed or for distillation.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the official seal of the Department of Agriculture to be affixed in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, this 3rd day of September 1936.

[SEAL]

W. R. GREGG,

*Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

[F. R. Doc. 2039—Filed, September 3, 1936; 12:38 p. m.]

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.

### *United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission*

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 3rd day of September A. D. 1936.

[File No. 37-15]

### IN THE MATTER OF REPUBLIC MUTUAL SERVICE COMPANY

#### NOTICE OF HEARING AND ORDER DESIGNATING TRIAL EXAMINER

An application having been duly filed with this Commission, by Republic Mutual Service Company, pursuant to Section 13 (b), and Rule 12-22, of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, for approval as a mutual service company for the Republic Electric Power Corporation holding-company system.

It is ordered that such matter be set down for hearing on September 21, 1936, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at Room 1101, Securities and Exchange Building, 1773 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C.; and

Notice of such hearing is hereby given to said party and to any interested State, State commission, State securities commission, municipality, and any other political subdivision of a State, and to any representative of interested consumers or security holders, and any other person whose participation in such proceeding may be in the public interest or for the protection of investors or consumers. It is requested that any person desiring to be heard or to be admitted as a party to such proceeding shall file a notice to that effect with the Commission on or before September 16, 1936.

It is further ordered, that Robert P. Reeder, an officer of the Commission, be and he hereby is designated to preside at such hearing, and authorized to adjourn said hearing from time to time, to administer oaths and affirmations,

subpena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, or other records deemed relevant or material to the inquiry, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law.

Upon the completion of the taking of testimony in this matter, the officer conducting said hearing is directed to close the hearing and make his report to the Commission.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 2102—Filed, September 4, 1936; 12:43 p. m.]

*United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission*

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 3rd day of September A. D. 1936.

IN THE MATTER OF AN OFFERING SHEET OF A ROYALTY INTEREST IN THE SKELLY-JOHNSON FARM, FILED ON JULY 13, 1936, BY GENERAL INDUSTRIES CORP., LTD., RESPONDENT

ORDER TERMINATING PROCEEDING AFTER AMENDMENT

The Securities and Exchange Commission, finding that the offering sheet filed with the Commission, which is the subject of this proceeding, has been amended, so far as necessary, in accordance with the Suspension Order previously entered in this proceeding;

It is ordered, pursuant to Rule 341 (d) of the Commission's General Rules and Regulations under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, that the amendment received at the office of the Commission on August 31, 1936, be effective as of August 31, 1936; and

It is further ordered, that the Suspension Order, Order for Hearing, and Order Designating a Trial Examiner, heretofore entered in this proceeding, be, and the same hereby are, revoked and the said proceeding terminated.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 2107—Filed, September 4, 1936; 12:44 p. m.]

*United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission*

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 3rd day of September A. D. 1936.

IN THE MATTER OF AN OFFERING SHEET OF A ROYALTY INTEREST IN THE MARATHON-DAHL FARM FILED ON JULY 24, 1936, BY T. G. THOMPSON, RESPONDENT

ORDER TERMINATING PROCEEDING AFTER AMENDMENT

The Securities and Exchange Commission, finding that the offering sheet filed with the Commission, which is the subject of this proceeding, has been amended, so far as necessary, in accordance with the Suspension Order previously entered in this proceeding;

It is ordered, pursuant to Rule 341 (d) of the Commission's General Rules and Regulations under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, that the amendment received at the office of the Commission on August 29, 1936, be effective as of August 29, 1936; and

It is further ordered, that the Suspension Order, Order for Hearing, and Order Designating a Trial Examiner, heretofore entered in this proceeding, be, and the same hereby are, revoked and the said proceeding terminated.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 2106—Filed, September 4, 1936; 12:44 p. m.]

*United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission*

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 3rd day of September A. D. 1936.

IN THE MATTER OF AN OFFERING SHEET OF AN OVERRIDING ROYALTY INTEREST IN THE WESTERN STATES-HADDOCK FARM, FILED ON AUGUST 28, 1936, BY OTTO ASKINS, RESPONDENT

SUSPENSION ORDER, ORDER FOR HEARING (UNDER RULE 340 (A)), AND ORDER DESIGNATING TRIAL EXAMINER

The Securities and Exchange Commission, having reasonable grounds to believe, and therefore alleging, that the offering sheet described in the title hereof and filed by the respondent named therein is incomplete or inaccurate in the following material respects, to wit:

(1) In that the farm name is omitted on the first page of Division I.

(2) In that Item 10, Division II, is incomplete and not entirely responsive.

(3) In that Item 28 (a), Division II, has omitted the name of the producing horizon.

(4) In that on Exhibit A and A-1 the numbers of all wells thereon shown are omitted. Exhibit A and A-1 also include a yellow colored portion representing a claimed drainage area which is misleading in the absence of an estimate of recoverable oil being a part of the offering sheet.

(5) In that Exhibit B shows a fractional interest that does not compare with Item I, Division II.

(6) In that Item 23, Division II, omits to locate the property described as being on the western edge of the south-central portion of the field.

It is ordered, pursuant to Rule 340 (a) of the Commission's General Rules and Regulations under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, that the effectiveness of the filing of said offering sheet be, and hereby is, suspended until the 3rd day of October 1936; that an opportunity for hearing be given to the said respondent for the purpose of determining the material completeness or accuracy of the said offering sheet in the respects in which it is herein alleged to be incomplete or inaccurate, and whether the said order of suspension shall be revoked or continued; and

It is further ordered, that Charles S. Moore, an officer of the Commission be, and hereby is, designated as trial examiner to preside at such hearing, to continue or adjourn the said hearing from time to time, to administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, consider any amendments to said offering sheet as may be filed prior to the conclusion of the hearing, and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, or other records deemed relevant or material to the inquiry, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law; and

It is further ordered, that the taking of testimony in this proceeding commence on the 18th day of September 1936 at 11:00 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Securities and Exchange Commission, 18th Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D. C., and continue thereafter at such times and places as said examiner may designate.

Upon the completion of testimony in this matter the examiner is directed to close the hearing and make his report to the Commission.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 2104—Filed, September 4, 1936; 12:44 p. m.]

*United States of America—Before the Securities and Exchange Commission*

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 3rd day of September A. D. 1936.

IN THE MATTER OF AN OFFERING SHEET OF A ROYALTY INTEREST  
IN THE ROYAL-KELLER FARM, FILED ON AUGUST 28, 1936,  
BY THOMAS D. BROWN & CO., RESPONDENT

SUSPENSION ORDER, ORDER FOR HEARING (UNDER RULE 340 (A))  
AND ORDER DESIGNATING TRIAL EXAMINER

The Securities and Exchange Commission, having reasonable grounds to believe, and therefore alleging, that the offering sheet described in the title hereof and filed by the respondent named therein is incomplete or inaccurate in the following material respects, to wit:

1. In that Item 3, Division III, omits to state fully how each of the factors used in the volumetric calculation was determined for the particular tract, and has omitted to give reasons for the use of each said particular factor in combination with each of the other factors;

It is ordered, pursuant to Rule 340 (a) of the Commission's General Rules and Regulations under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, that the effectiveness of the filing of said offering sheet be, and hereby is, suspended until the 3rd day of October 1936, that an opportunity for hearing be given to the said respondent for the purpose of determining the material completeness or accuracy of the said offering sheet in the respects in which it is herein alleged to be incomplete or inaccurate, and whether the said order of suspension shall be revoked or continued; and

It is further ordered, that Charles S. Moore, an officer of the Commission be, and hereby is, designated as trial examiner to preside at such hearing, to continue or adjourn the said hearing from time to time, to administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, consider any amendments to said offering sheet as may be filed prior to the conclusion of the hearing, and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, or other records deemed relevant or material to the inquiry, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law; and

It is further ordered, that the taking of testimony in this proceeding commence on the 18th day of September 1936 at 10:00 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Securities and Exchange Commission, 18th Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D. C., and continue thereafter at such times and places as said examiner may designate.

Upon the completion of testimony in this matter the examiner is directed to close the hearing and make his report to the Commission.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 2105—Filed, September 4, 1936; 12:44 p. m.]

*United States of America—Before the Securities  
and Exchange Commission*

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 3rd day of September A. D. 1936.

IN THE MATTER OF AN OFFERING SHEET OF A ROYALTY INTEREST  
IN THE PHILLIPS-GENERAL "L" COMMUNITY FARM, FILED ON  
AUGUST 28, 1936, BY J. H. LIEBERMAN, INC., RESPONDENT

SUSPENSION ORDER, ORDER FOR HEARING (UNDER RULE 340 (A)) AND  
ORDER DESIGNATING TRIAL EXAMINER

The Securities and Exchange Commission, having reasonable grounds to believe, and therefore alleging, that the offering sheet described in the title hereof and filed by the respondent named therein is incomplete or inaccurate in the following material respects, to wit:

1. In that in Item 13, Division II, the statements that the formations in the Oklahoma City field lie at greater depths, carry larger gas volumes with attendant high pressures, are thicker, somewhat more porous and highly saturated, which difference will undoubtedly assure a greater ultimate recovery of oil per acre than is usual in most fields, are objectionable as tending to imply a comparative estimate of recoverable oil without giving the data with respect to the fields or formations thus compared;

It is ordered, pursuant to Rule 340 (a) of the Commission's General Rules and Regulations under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, that the effectiveness of the filing of said offering sheet be, and hereby is, suspended until the 3rd day of October 1936, that an opportunity for hearing be given to the said respondent for the purpose of determining the material completeness or accuracy of the said offering sheet in the respects in which it is herein alleged to be incomplete or inaccurate, and whether the said order of suspension shall be revoked or continued; and

It is further ordered, that Charles S. Moore, an officer of the Commission be, and hereby is, designated as trial examiner to preside at such hearing, to continue or adjourn the said hearing from time to time, to administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, consider any amendments to said offering sheet as may be filed prior to the conclusion of the hearing, and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, or other records deemed relevant or material to the inquiry, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law; and

It is further ordered, that the taking of testimony in this proceeding commence on the 18th day of September 1936 at 2:00 o'clock in the afternoon at the office of the Securities and Exchange Commission, 18th Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D. C., and continue thereafter at such times and places as said examiner may designate.

Upon the completion of testimony in this matter the examiner is directed to close the hearing and make his report to the Commission.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS P. BRASSOR, *Secretary*.

[F. R. Doc. 2103—Filed, September 4, 1936; 12:43 p. m.]

Wednesday, September 9, 1936

No. 127

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Public Debt Service.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA 2¾ PERCENT TREASURY BONDS OF  
1956-59

Dated and bearing interest from September 15, 1936; due  
September 15, 1959

REDEEMABLE AT THE OPTION OF THE UNITED STATES AT PAR AND  
ACCRUED INTEREST ON AND AFTER SEPTEMBER 15, 1956

Interest payable March 15 and September 15

[1936—Department Circular No. 567]

SEPTEMBER 8, 1936.

*I. Offering of Bonds*

1. The Secretary of the Treasury, pursuant to the authority of the Second Liberty Bond Act, approved September 24, 1917, as amended, invites subscriptions, at par and accrued interest, from the people of the United States for 2¾ percent bonds of the United States, designated Treasury Bonds of 1956-59. The amount of the offering is \$400,000,000, or thereabouts, with the right reserved to the Secretary of the Treasury to increase the offering by an amount sufficient to accept all subscriptions for which Treasury Notes of Series D-1936, maturing September 15, 1936, are tendered in payment and accepted.

*II. Description of Bonds*

1. The bonds will be dated September 15, 1936, and will bear interest from that date at the rate of 2¾ percent per annum, payable semiannually on March 15 and September 15 in each year until the principal amount becomes payable. They will mature September 15, 1959, but may be redeemed at the option of the United States on and after September 15, 1956, in whole or in part, at par and accrued interest, on any interest day or days on 4 months' notice of redemption given in such manner as the Secretary of the Treasury shall